(04 Marks)

First/Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2013/Jan.2014

Engineering Physics Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks:100 Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing at least two from each part. 2. Answer all objective type questions only on OMR sheet page 5 of the answer booklet. 3. Answer to objective type questions on sheets other than OMR will not be valued. 4. Physical constants: $h = 6.625 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J-S}$, $C = 3 \times 10^8 \,\text{mS}^{-1}$, $m_e = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \,\text{kg}$, $K = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \, \text{Fm}^{-1}, \ \epsilon_0 = 8.854 \times 10^{-12} \, Fm^{-1}.$ Choose the correct answers for the following: 1 (04 Marks) De Broglie wavelength of an electron accelerated through a potential of 60 V is, A) 1.850 A° B) 1.584 A° C) 1.589 A° D) 1.570 A° The wavelength of maximum intensity is inversely proportional to the absolute ii) temperature of the body emitting radiation. This is called, B) Wein's displacement law A) Stefan's law C) Rayleigh-Jean's law D) Plank's law Einstein's photoelectric equation is given by, iii) A) $E = \phi + (KE)_{max}$ B) $E = \phi - (KE)_{max}$ C) $\phi = E + (KE)_{max}$ D) $(KE)_{max} = E + \phi$ Which of the following relations can be used to determine de Broglie wavelength associated with a particle? C) $\frac{h}{\sqrt{2meV}}$ D) all of these Explain Wein's law ad Rayleigh-Jean's law. Mention their drawbacks. (06 Marks) Define phase velocity and group velocity. Derive a relation between the two. (06 Marks) Calculate the wavelength associated with electrons whose sped is 0.01 part of the speed of light. (04 Marks) Choose the correct answers for the following: (04 Marks) 2 a. For a particle in an infinite potential well in its 1st excited state, the probability of finding the particle at the center of box is, C) 0.5B) 0.25 ii) The Heisenberg's Uncertainty relation for position of a particle is given by, A) $\Delta P_x \Delta x \ge \frac{h}{2}$ B) $\Delta P_x \Delta x \le \frac{h}{4\pi}$ C) $\Delta P_x \Delta x \ge \frac{h}{4\pi}$ D) $\Delta P_x \Delta x \ge \frac{h}{\pi}$ According to Max Born approximation $|\psi|^2$ represents, B) Charge density C) Energy density D) Probability density A) Particle density Schrodinger's time independent wave equation is applicable for the particle with, B) Variable energy A) Constant energy D) All of these C) Only constant potential energy (06 Marks) Set up time independent Schrodinger wave equation. Explain Heisenberg's Uncertainty principle. Give its physical significance. (06 Marks) An electron is bound in one dimensional infinite well of width 0.12 nm. Find the energy

value and de Broglie wavelength in the first excited state.

3	a.	Choose the correct answers for the following: (04)				
		i)	The motor specific	heat of a gas at con	stant volume is given by,	
			A) $C_v = \frac{2R}{3}$	B) $C_v = \frac{3R}{2}$	C) $C_v = \frac{4R}{3}$	$D) C_v = \frac{3R}{4}$
		ii)	If the Fermi energ	gy of silver is 5.5 eV	, the Fermi velocity of co	nduction electron is,
			-		/S C) 2.46×10^5 m/S	
,		iii)	Matthiessen's rule	•	,	,
41.5 2	j.			-		0 -
			A) $\rho = \rho_{ph} - \rho_i$	B) $\rho = \frac{r - pn}{r}$	C) $\rho = \rho_{ph} + \rho_i$	D) $\rho = \frac{P_1}{P_2}$
	·	92%				· •
					on at $T = 0$ K is 1, under t	
					C) $E \gg E_f$	
	b.	•	94	cal free electron theo	•	🕒 र् (06 Marks)
	c. Explain the probability of occupation of various energy states by electr					
			0 K on the basis of I			(06 Marks)
	d.				% probability that a state	with an energy 0.5 eV
		abo	ve Fermi energy will	l be occupied.	- 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(04 Marks)
					14 ·	
4	a.	Cho	· ·	ers for the following	3 :	(04 Marks)
		i)	Choose the correct		Marie Company	, ,
			A) $E = \epsilon_0 (\epsilon_r - 1) I$	$P = B) P = \epsilon_0 (\epsilon_r - \epsilon_0)$	1) $E \cap C$ $\in_r = K - 1$ D	$D = \in_0 (\in_r -1) E$
		ii)	For ferromagnetic	substance, the Curie	-Weiss law is given by,	
		ĺ				C
			A) $\chi = \frac{1}{T}$	B) $\chi = \frac{1}{(T-B)}$	C) $\chi = \frac{(T - \theta)}{C}$	D) $\chi = \frac{1}{(T + \Theta)}$
		:::\	-	(*, *)		(• , •)
		iii)			equencies exceeding 10 ¹³	
		i	A) ionic	•	C) orientation	
		iv)	ht 32.07 and density			
		phur is,				
		_			1^3 C) 9.3 × 10^{24} /m ³	
	b.			for internal field ir	case of one dimensio	
			ectric solid.			(08 Marks)
	c.		cribe ferroelectrics.			(04 Marks)
	d.	d. If a WaCl crystal is subjected to an electric field of 1000 V/m and the r				
		is 4.	3×10^{-8} C/m ² , calcul	(04 Marks)		
_			<u>.</u>	PART -		
5	a.	Cho		ers for the following	-	(04 Marks)
		· i)		_	nergy E_1 and n_2 is the nu	mber density of higher
			energy E ₂ , then n ₂			
			A) thick population		B) inverted popula	ation
			C) normal populat		D) no population	
		ii)	The number of m	nodes of standing w	aves in the resonant ca	vity of length 1 m, if
				rating at wavelength		
			A) 3.16×10^6	B) 1.58×10^6	C) 3.16×10^8	D) None of these
		iii)	Image is stored on	a hologram in the fo	orm of,	
			A) interference pa	ittern	B) diffraction patt	ern
			C) photograph		D) none of these	
		iv)	The relation betwe	en Einstein's coeffic	cients A & B is,	
			$8\pi h\lambda^3$	B) $\frac{8\pi h^2 r^3}{C^3}$	C) $\frac{8\pi hr^3}{C^3}$	D) $\frac{8\pi hr^3}{R^2}$
			A) $\frac{GKM^2}{C^3}$	$(B) \frac{C_3}{C_3}$	$C) \frac{C^3}{C^3}$	$D) - C^2$
			C	C	-	~

5	b. c. d.	Explain the process of spontaneous and stimulated emission. Describe the construction and working of semiconductor laser. A pulse laser has an average power output 1.5 mW per pulse and pulse durat The number of photon emitted per pulse is estimated to be 1.047×10 ⁸ . Find the of the emitted laser.	
· 6	a.	Choose the correct answers for the following: i) The variation of critical field H_c with temperature T is given by, A) $H_C = H_o \left[1 - \left(\frac{T}{T_c} \right)^2 \right]$ B) $H_C = H_o \left[1 + \left(\frac{T}{T_c} \right)^2 \right]$ C) $H_C = H_o \left[1 - \frac{T}{T_c} \right]$ D) $H_C = H_o \left[1 + \frac{T}{T_c} \right]$ ii) The quantum of magnetic flux is given by,	(04 Marks)
		A) $\frac{2h}{e}$ B) $\frac{h}{2e}$ C) $\frac{he}{2}$ D) $\frac{2\pi}{e}$	
		iii) Fractional index change of optical fiber and refractive index of core are 1.533 respectively. The cladding refractive index is, A) 1.492 B) 1.525 C) 1.499 D) 1.	
	b. c. d.	iv) The attenuation of a fiber - optical cable is expressed in, A) ohm/km B) watt/km C) decibel/km D) jou Describe type - I and type - II superconductors. What is attenuation? Explain any two factors contributing to the fibre loss. The angle of acceptance of an optical fibre is 30° when kept in air. Find acceptance when it is in a medium of refractive index 1.33.	ule / km (06 Marks) (06 Marks) the angle of (04 Marks)
7	a.	Choose the correct answers for the following: i) The relation between atomic radius and lattice constant in FCC structure in	
		A) $a = 2r$ B) $a = 2\sqrt{2}r$ C) $a = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}r$ D) a	$=\frac{4\mathbf{r}}{\sqrt{3}}$
	.~	 ii) The crystal with lattices a = b ≠ c and angles α = β = γ = 90° represents, A) cubic B) hexagonal C) orthorhombic D) tentilliii) The number of atoms present in the unit cell of diamond cubic crystal struck A) 2 B) 4 C) 8 D) 16 iv) Bragg's law is given by. 	icture is,
	14. 14. 14.	A) $2\sin\theta = n\lambda$ B) $2d\sin\theta = n\lambda$ C) $\frac{2dn}{\sin\theta} = \lambda$ D) $2n$	$\lambda = \sin \theta$
•	b.	Define (i) Coordination number (ii) Packing factor. Calculate the atomic p for BCC structure.	packing factor (06 Marks)
	c. d.	Sketch the $(1\ \bar{1}\ 2)$, $(1\ 1\ 0)$ and $(1\ 0\ 0)$ planes in a simple cubic unit cell procedure for obtaining miller indices. The minimum order of Bragg's reflection occurs at an angle of 20° in the pl Find the wavelength of X-rays if lattice constant is 3.615 A°.	(06 Marks)

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8	a.	Cho	pose the correct answers for the follow	wing:	(04 Marks)		
		i)	In a carbon nanotube the bond bety	veen the carbon atom is,			
			A) metalic B) ionic	C) hydrogen D) covalent		
		ii)	A constant testing of product without causing any damage is called,				
			A) minute testing	B) destructive testing	B) destructive testing		
			C) non-destructive testing	D) random testing			
		iii)	Ultrasonic waves are sound waves	having,			
			A) Velocity greater than 330 mS ⁻¹	B) Velocity less than 33	0 mS ⁻¹		
			C) Frequency greater than 20 kHz	D) Frequency less than :	20 kH z		
		iv) Which of the procedure is not employed to detect the internal flows by a ma					
			A) Ultrasonic method	B) Magnetic method	·.		
			(C) Alpha ray method	D) Dynamic testing	. •		
	b.	Exp	olain carbon nanotubes and its applica	tion by giving physical properties	ies. (08 Marks)		
	c.		at are ultrasonics? Explain with a c				
			asonic waves in liquids.		(08 Marks)		

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